Safety Data Sheet

Chemical Substances and Company Information

Product name (Glass ty	pe) S-TIM5			
Name of manufacturer	Ohara Incorporated			
Address	15-30 Oyama,1-Chome, Chuo-ku, Sag	amihara-shi, Kanagawa 252-5	286, Japan	
Issuing Department	Environmental Safety Section, Genera	al Affairs Department	TEL:042-772-5118	FAX:042-774-1071
Executing Department	Material Production Control Section, C	Optical Material Business Unit	TEL:042-772-5115	FAX:042-774-2314
Date of creation	Nov 17, 2014	Date of revision		

Hazards Identification

Optical glasses are physically and chemically stable and are not hazardous. However, the following danger hazardousness is concerned during processing of optical glasses.

Hazards

:

When dust inhales during dry processing and melting, may cause chronic or cumulative health impairment. And gas inhales during melting, may cause acute poisoning and chronic or cumulative health impairment including cancer.

Environmental effects

Pay attention to the concentrations of discharge density of gas during melting as they may : damage the ecosystem. -Ch O 0:0

G	HS classification(1 - 115)	Sb ₂ O ₃	SiO ₂	TiO ₂
0	Explosives	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Flammable / Flammable gases	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Flammable / Flammable aerosols	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Combustion support / Oxidizing gases	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Gases under pressure	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Flammable liquids	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Physical hazards	Flammable solids	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified
aza	Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
4	Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
ical	Pyrophoric solids	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified
syn	Self-heating substances and mixtures	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified
占	Substances and mixtures which, in contact			
	with water, emits flammable gases	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified
	Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Oxidizing solids	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Not classified
	Organic peroxides	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Corrosive to metals	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Classification not possible
	Acute toxicity(Oral)	Category 5	Classification not possible	Not classified
	Acute toxicity(Skin)	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Not classified
	Acute toxicity(Inhalation: Gas)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Acute toxicity(Inhalation: Vapour)	Classification not possible	Not applicable	Classification not possible
	Acute toxicity(Inhalation: Dust)	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Not classified
	Acute toxicity(Inhalation: Mist)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Skin corrosion / Irritation	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Not classified
	Serious eye damage / Eye irritation	Category 2B	Classification not possible	Category 2B
ds	Respiratory sensitization	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Classification not possible
Health hazards	Skin sensitization	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Classification not possible
ha	Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified	Not classified	Not classified
Ith	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B	Category 1A	Category 2
lea	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B	Classification not possible	Classification not possible
1		Category 1 (Heart)	Category 1 (Respiratory system)	Classification not possible
	Specific target organ toxicity-Single	Category 2 (Respiratory		
	exposure	system)		
	Specific target organ toxicity-Repeated	Category 1 (Respiratory	Category 1 (Respiratory	Oleasification and a set if
	exposure	system)	system, Kidney)	Classification not possible
	Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Classification not possible
Environmental	Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Acute)	Category 3	Classification not possible	Classification not possible
Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Chronic)	Category 3	Classification not possible	Category 4
Symbols				
	Signal Word	Danger	Danger	Warning

Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Ingredients and contents

Chemical Chen	Chemical	Industrial Safety and	Health Law	Chemical Management Promotion Law (Responding to revised government ordinance of Oct 1, 2009)							Poisonous and
name formula		Hazardous substances of which notification of names is required	Content (Weight %)	Names of designated chemical substances	Content (Weight %) Note 1	Appended table number	Item number	Class 1 designated chemical substance	Specified Class 1 designated chemical substance	Class 2 designated chemical substance	Deleterious Substances Control Act
Silicon dioxide	SiO ₂	Silica	60 - 70	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Titanium dioxide	TiO ₂	Titanium dioxide	10 - 20	—	_		_	_	—	-	_
Antimony trioxide	Sb_2O_3	Antimony and its compounds	0 - 2	Antimony and its compounds	0.10	Table 1	31	0	_	_	0

Note 1: Weight percentages of relevant substances are listed in accordance with the Chemical Management Promotion Law(Japan)

First Aid Measures

Eye contact	: If the grinding or polishing liquids come into contact with eyes, immediately rinse the eyes with clean water and obtain a medical diagnosis, if necessary. In the case of contact with dust from dry processing, be careful to avoid damaging the eyeballs and obtain a medical diagnosis.
Mouth contact	If grinding and polishing liquids and dust enter the mouth, rinse with plenty of water. If ingestion occurs, give the patient plenty of water and induce vomiting, then obtain a medical diagnosis, if necessary.

Fire-Fighting Measures

Since optical glasses are nonflammable, any extinguishing media may be used.

Spillage Countermeasures		
Grinding and polishing liquids	:	Stop the flow with sandbags or the like to prevent the spill from contaminating soil or being absorbed into wastewater systems such as sewers. Collect as much of the released liquid as possible into an empty container.
Dust	:	Prevent dust from contaminating soil or being absorbed into wastewater systems such as sewers, and collect as much of the released dust as possible into an empty container. Be sure to remain upwind and wear a dust mask when dealing with dust spills.

Handling and Storage

Since optical glasses are physically and chemically stable, no precautions are required in handling and storage. During grinding, polishing, and dry processing

- * When handling, be careful to prevent grinding and polishing liquids, grinding and polishing waste, and dust from dry processing from escaping and contaminating the environment; and
- * Gargle and wash hands thoroughly after work.

Exposure Control / Personal Protection

Although there is no potential hazard in exposure to optical glass due to its physical and chemical stability, exposure to the mist scattered during wet processing and the scattered dust created during dry processing may result in injury. During wet processing : Prevent mist from scattering by providing the processing machine with a protective cover or

- g : Prevent mist from scattering by providing the processing machine with a protective cover or the like.
- During dry processing

: Prevent dust from scattering by installing a local exhaust system or the like.Wear a dust mask. Wear eye protection, if necessary.

Control concentrations of chemical substances

Chemical substance name	Dust
Control concentration	E=3.0 mg/m ³

Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state	:	Solid
Color	:	Pale yellow, transparent or colorless and transparen
Odor	:	Odorless
рН	:	Not applicable
Temperature of changing physical state (Yield point)	:	624°C
Specific gravity	:	2.63
Solubility	:	Low

Stability and Reactivity

Stability	:	Stable
Reactivity	:	Normally unobservable
Decomposition products	:	Normally unpredictable

Toxicological Information

Since optical glasses are physically and chemically stable, they do not have acute toxicity or local effects.				
Grinding and polishing liquids and grinding and polishing waste and dust have:				
Acute toxicity	:	No information		
Carcinogenicity	:	No information		
Chronic toxicity	:	Cumulative chronic toxicity through inhalation and skin contact		

Ecological Information

Since optical glasses are physically and chemically stable, they have no ecological effects. Gas generated during melting does not have hazardousness to the ozone layer.

Disposal Considerations

Commission disposal to approved and licensed waste disposers in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations concerning the disposal and handing of wastes.

Transport Information

None

Regulatory Information(Japan)

Industrial Safety and Health Law, enforcement ordinance of the same, bylaw of the same Pneumoconiosis Law, enforcement regulations of the same Ordinance on the Prevention of Dust Hazard Ordinance on the Prevention of Lead Poisoning Ordinance on the Prevention of Hazards due to Specified Chemical Substances Working Environment Measurement Law, enforcement ordinance of the same, enforcement bylaw of the same, standard of the same, standards for working environment evaluation Water Pollution Control Law, enforcement ordinance of the same, enforcement bylaw of the same, prefecture and ministry ordinances, notifications, and the like stipulating effluent standards **Chemical Management Promotion Law** Soil Contamination Countermeasures Act, enforcement ordinance of the same, enforcement regulations of the same. Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act, enforcement ordinance of the same, enforcement regulations of the same. Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law, enforcement ordinance of the same, enforcement bylaw of the same •Please confirm applicability of laws and regulations depending upon the site scale, installed capacity, and the like. •Make sure you are aware of and adhere to all applicable local regulations.

Other Information

Contact us if you wish to melt down glass for recycling or other purposes.